Mid-Valley Genealogical Society 11 February 1984

The February meeting of the Mid-Valley Genealogical Society was called to order by our president, Valerie Nichels. The minutes of the January meeting were read and approved.

The treasurer reported that we have \$525.98 in our general fund and \$20.00 in the Petty cash fund.

NEW BUSINESS:

The By-Law Committee, composed of Velma Parsons, Valerie Nichols, and Edna Wiese, presented the revised By-Laws to the membership. An animated discussion followed the reading of each article and section and changes were made for clarification. The revised By-Laws will be retyped and read at the March meeting. At that time they will be voted on.

Our program for the month was in honor of Oregon's /25 birthday. Valerie baked a cake to celebrate this ocassion and eight members told us of their ancestors and the part they played in Oregon's past, as we enjoyed the cake and punch.

There being no further business, the meeting was then adjourned.

Respectfully submitted.

Martha M. Marsh, secretary



think is correct. Then turn the page to find out how you've done. families and with family patterns-both regular and royal. Pick the answer you HILL of this month's test words have to do with

1. clan-families with A: a common ancestor. B: warlike tendencies C: aristocratic ancestors. D: no common ancestors.

matriarch (MAY tree ark)—woman who A: leads a family. B: has many spouse—A: husband or wife. B: youngest child. C: newlywed. D: guardian.

children. C: has no wealth. D: is physically slight.

4. nuptials—A: birth. B: mourning. C: engagement parties. D: wedding. 5. progenitor (pro JEN uh tur)—A: leader. B: heir. C: alien. D: ancestor. 6. sibling—A: distant relation. B: cousin. C: brother or sister. D: aunt. 7. prince consort—A: son born out of wedlock. B: minor prince. C: heraldic

 ∞ primogeniture (pry muh JEN uh chur)-state of being the A: younges shield. D: husband of a queen. tamily member. B: earliest ancestor. C: firstborn child. D: only child.

cognomen (cog NOH mun)—A: curse, B: name, C: tradition, D: archive. filial (FILL ee uhl)--pertaining to A: a son or daughter. B: family loyalty.

= 0.0 internecine (in tur NEE sin; in tur NESS'n)-A: foolhardy. B: mutually C: weakest member. D: a parent.

genetics (juh NET iks)-study of A: a child's maturity. B: relationships to destructive. C: public. D: pertaining to intermarriage.

monogamy (muh NOG uh mee)—state of being married Λ : to one person others. C: heredity. D: eccentric behavior.

B: early in life. C: late in life. D: to several people.

14. fiancé—A: divorcé. B: widower. C: family friend. D: engaged man. 15. uxorious (uk son ce us)—excessively devoted to A: parents. B: wife. C: husband. D: children.

16. kindred—pertaining to A: gentility. B: uniformity. C: relatives. D: pacts.

ménage (may NAZH)—A: household. B: family black sheep. C: counselor. D: male descendants. family

nepotism—A: sclishness. B: generosity. C: favoritism. D: prudence

consanguineous (con sang GWIN ee us) -- A: insular. B: related by blood

avuncular (uh vung kyoo ler)—A: like an uncle. B: foolish. C: overly inclined to teach. D: quarrelsome. C: peaceful. D: having friendly relationships.

AUTO PAINTING



1. clan -- A: Family group interrelat spouse--- A: Husband or wife by marriage. Scottish-Gaelic clann. ed through a common ancestor, or

Latin sponsus (betrothed).

nuptials....D: Wedding ceremony matriarch-A: Woman who leads (mother) and Greek -arkhos (ruler) Combining forms of Latin matri her tamily, tribe or organization

6. sibling—(): Brother or sister; as of something; as, the native lan progenitor -- D: Direct ancestor of guage of our progenitors. Latin pro- (forth) and gignere (to beget). torelather; priginator or founder Latin nubere (to marry).

siblings. Old English sibb (blood a striking resemblance between relative).

(ruler) and *consors* (partner).

8. primogeniture—C: State of being 7. prince consort—D: Husband of a reigning queen, who is himself a land's prince consort. Latin princep. prince; as, Prince Philip is Eng.

of the eldest son to inherit the mus (hrst) and gignere. property of the parent. Latin pri the firstborn child. Also, the right

cognomen -- B: Family name; sur a citizen's third name indicating name; last name. In ancient Rome his family; as, Gaius Julius Caesar attin co- (with) and nomen (name).

10. filial- A: Pertaining to a son or parents. Latin filius (son); filiu daughter; as, filial love for one's (daughter).

AUTO PANTING Answers to "IT PAYS TO ENRICH YOUR WORD POWER

11. internecine—B: Mutually destrucinter- (between) and necare (to control of a family business. Latin tive; as, an internecine struggle for

.. genetics - C: Study of the heredity and variations in organisms. Greek genesis (birth).

13. monogamy—A: State of being once during life. Greek mono time; practice of marrying only married to only one person at a (one) and -gamy (marriage).

14. fiancé—D: The man to whom a Old French fiance (promise). woman is engaged to be married

*J*1 uxorious -- B: Excessively or irra uxorious husband. Latin uxor tionally fond of one's wife; as, an (wife).

 \overline{z} 6. kindred - C: Pertaining to a per son's relatives, especially by blood (condition) English eynn (kin) and raeden Also, having a like nature. Old 2

tic establishment. Old French mes ménage—A: Household; domes nage (dwelling).

30 nepotism--C: Favoritism shown Italian nepote (nephew). to relatives in giving them jobs

. consanguineous-B. Related by riages are generally forbidden by gumeus (of blood). cestor; as, Consangumeous mar blood or by having the same anlaw. Latin com- (with) and san-

avuncular-A: Like an Arancular advice is usually kindly Latin arunculus (maternal uncle). uncle.

Vocabulary Ratings

-- 18 correct ... Master (exceptional) -12 correct . . . Player (excellent) 9 correct Novice (good)

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